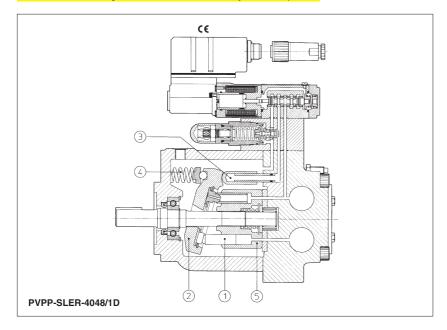


# Axial piston pumps type PVPP, variable displacement, high pressure operation

Hydraulic and electrohydraulic control

# **obsolete components** - availability on request



PVPP are variable displacement axial piston pumps for high pressure operation and long service life, with low noise level, suitable for hydraulic oils or synthetic fluid having similar lubricating characteristics.

The actual fluid displacement is dependent upon the length of stroke, of the pumping pistons ①. This length of stroke is determined by the position of the swashing plate 2 that is achieved by a servo piston 3 acting on one end of the swashing plate working against the combined effect of the off-setting forces of the pistons and centering spring (4) on the other end.

The rotating barrel (5), forces the pistons in a circular path in and out of the barrel

and fluid displacement takes place. See section 5 for a line of hydraulic and electrohydraulic controls for unlimited options of applications. The figure illustrates the advanced control of pressure and flow according to electronic signals.

Displacement: from 23 up to 76 cm³/rev. Pressure up to 250 bar.



С

Variable displacement

Eventual suffix for double pumps X2E = with a fixed displacement pump type PFE (see tab. A005)

Type of control: (see section 5)

C =manual pressure compensator R =remote pressure compensator load sensing (pressure & flow) proportional control proportional control with integral electronics

SLR = as SL option plus sequence module SLER = as SLE option plus sequence module

3 = for displacement 23 and 33 cm<sup>2</sup>

4 = for displacement 48 cm3/rev

5 = for displacement 60 and 76 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev

#### 048 /31044 D 10 1 nthetic fluids /WG = water-glycol /PE = phosphate ester See NOTF below Design number Direction of rotation (as viewed at the shaft end): D = clockwise S = counterclokwise 1 = keyed (1" for 023, 033, 048 - 1 1/4" for 060, 076) 2 = splined (15 teeth for 023, 033, 048) - not available for 060 and 076 Type of PFE (for double pumps), see tab. A005

Displacement of axial piston pump

023 = 23 cm³/rev 033 = 33 cm³/rev

= 48 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev  $060 = 60 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev}$  $076 = 76 \text{ cm}^3/\text{rev}$ 

On request are available also displacement 16 cm³/rev, 41 cm³/rev and 100 cm³/rev

NOTE: Maximum pressure for PVPP 3023, 3033 and 5076 with option /WG is 70 bar, for PVPP 4048 is 180 bar, for PVPP 5060 is 100 bar. Max speed for all sizes with option /WG is 1500 rpm.

### 2 OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Pump model		PVPP-	*-3023	PVPP-	-*-3033	PVPP-	·*-4048	PVPP-*-5060	PVPP-*-5076
Displacement	[cm³/rev]	2	3	3	33	4	8	60	76
Max flow at 1500 rpm and 7 bar	[l/min]	3	4	48		70		87	110
Max pressure / Peak pressure	[bar]	250/350			250/350		250/310		
Max inlet pressure	[bar]	2			0,69		0,69		
Max pressure on drain port	[bar]	3			3		3		
Approx. power consumption at 1500 rpm and at maximum pressure and displacement [kW]		14	1,8	20,6		30		38	49
		Type 1	Type 2	Type 1	Type 2	Type 1	Type 2	Type 1	Type 1
Max torque on the first shaft	[Nm]	330	330	330	330	330	330	630	630
Speed ratings	[rpm]	600÷3000				600÷2400		600÷2200	

### MAIN CHARACTERISTICS OF VARIABLE DISPLACEMENT AXIAL PISTON PUMP TYPE PVPP

Installation position		Any position. The drain port must be on top of the pump. Drain line must be separated and unrestricted to the reservoir and extend below the oil level as far from the inlet line as possible. Suggested maximum line lenght is 3 m.		
Loads on the shaft		Axial and radial loads are not allowed on the shaft. The coupling should be sized to absorb the peak horsepower developed.		
Ambient temperature		from -20°C to +70°C		
Fluid		Hydraulic oil as per DIN 51524 535; for other fluids see section 1		
Recommended viscosity		15-100 mm²/s at 40°C (ISO VG 15 - 100). Maximum start-up viscosity: 1000 mm²/s		
Fluid contamination class		ISO 16/13 (filters at 10µm value with β10 ≥ 75 recommended)		
Fluid temperature		T < 70°C, if T > 60 select /PE seals		
ONLY FOR PUMPS WITH PROPORTIONAL ELECTROHYDRAULIC CONTROLS type SL and SLE				
Coil resistance R at 20°C	$[\Omega]$	3 ÷ 3,3		
Relative duty factor		Continuous rating (ED = 100%)		
Max solenoid current	[A]	2,6		
Max power	[Watt]	35		

## 4 ELECTRONIC DRIVERS FOR PUMPS WITH PROPORTIONAL ELECTROHYDRAULIC CONTROLS

The operation of pumps with proportional electrohydraulic controls is optimized in association with Atos electronic drivers, which have factory preset electronic calibration.

Driver model	Type of pump control	Execution (1)	Max power consumption (2)	Reference signal (3)	Ramps (4)	Special functions (5)
E-ME-L-01H	SL SLR	E	50W	C, (A)	YES	ENABLE
E-RI-LE-01H	SLE SLER	Х	50W	C, (A)	NO	MONITOR or FAULT

- (1) Execution, Format/Connection

  E = Eurocard 100x160 mm (plug in unit DIN 41494)

  X = sealed box on the valve: IP65 40050

  (2) Power supply at 24 VDC ± 10%

  (3) Reference signals:

  C = 0 ÷ 5V or 0 ÷ 10 VDC

  A = 4 ÷ 20 mA (on request)

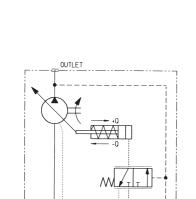
  (4) Ramp options, i.e. control of rapidity on rise and fall of supply current and consequently of hydraulic parameters.
- meters.

  Enable: to allow driver operation only with an electric enabling signal.

  Monitor (M option): position of the swashing plate of the pump (0 VDC 10 VDC).

  Fault: to signal anomalous operating conditions of the
  - driver.

### 5 HYDRAULIC SCHEMES



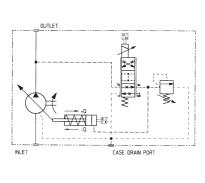
CONTROL "C"

MANUAL PRESSURE COMPENSATOR

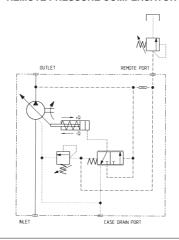
### CONTROL "SL", "SLE" FLOW PROPORTIONAL CONTROL

CASE DRAIN PORT

INLET

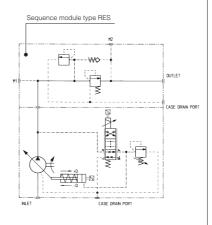


### CONTROL "R" REMOTE PRESSURE COMPENSATOR

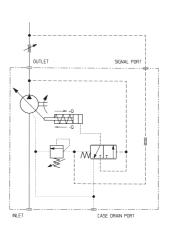


#### CONTROL "SLR", "SLER" FLOW PROPORTIONAL CONTROL PLUS SEQUENCE MODULE

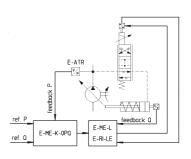
see note 6) and 7) on side



CONTROL "L" **LOAD SENSING** 

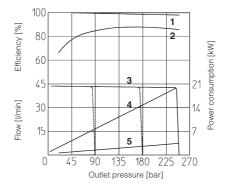


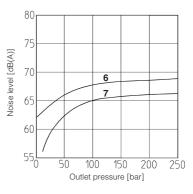
- The pressure control unit RES (sequence module) is mounted on the outlet port of the pump to grant a minimum piloting pressure for the proportional valve (which controls the pump displacement) also when the line pressure falls under 18 bar. The RES unit also limits the pressure peaks on outlet line.
- (7) SLR and SLER versions can be used also for COMBINED PRESSURE & FLOW CONTROL cou-COMBINED PRESSURE & FLOW CONTROL coupled with the electronic card E-ME-KOPQ in Eurocard format which operates with P.I.D. logic on the pump reference signal according to the following block diagram. In this case a pressure transducer E-ATR (to be ordered separately) must be fitted in the system to feedback the actual pressure value of the line to the E-ME-K-OPQ making possible the pressure closed loop control. loop control.



### 6 DIAGRAMS OF PVPP-\*-3023

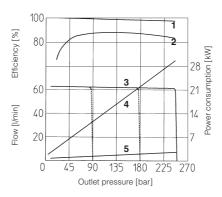
- 1 = Volumetric efficiency
- 2 = Overall efficiency
- 3 = Flow versus pressure curve
- ${f 4}={\sf Power \ consumption \ with \ full \ flow}$
- **5** = Power consumption at pressure compensation
- 6 = Noise level with full flow
- **7** = Noise level with flow null

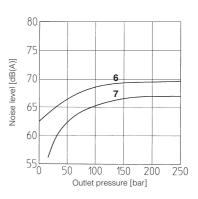




#### 7 DIAGRAMS OF PVPP-\*-3033

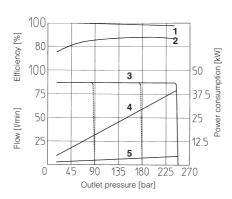
- 1 = Volumetric efficiency
- 2 = Overall efficiency
- 3 = Flow versus pressure curve
- **4** = Power consumption with full flow
- **5** = Power consumption at pressure compensation
- 6 = Noise level with full flow
- 7 = Noise level with flow null

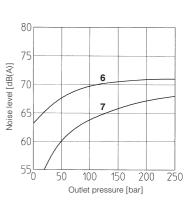




# 8 DIAGRAMS OF PVPP-\*-4048

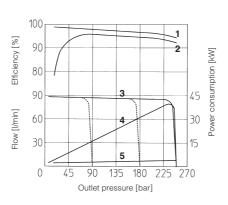
- 1 = Volumetric efficiency
- 2 = Overall efficiency
- 3 = Flow versus pressure curve
- **4** = Power consumption with full flow
- **5** = Power consumption at pressure compensation
- 6 = Noise level with full flow
- 7 = Noise level with flow null

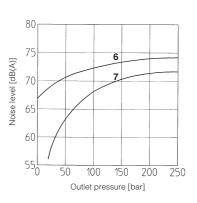




# 9 DIAGRAMS OF PVPP-\*-5060

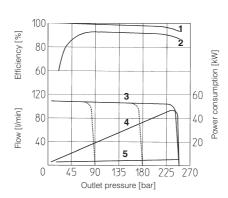
- 1 = Volumetric efficiency
- 2 = Overall efficiency
- 3 = Flow versus pressure curve
- **4** = Power consumption with full flow
- **5** = Power consumption at pressure compensation
- 6 = Noise level with full flow
- **7** = Noise level with flow null

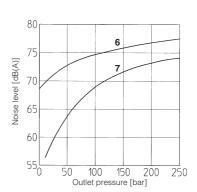


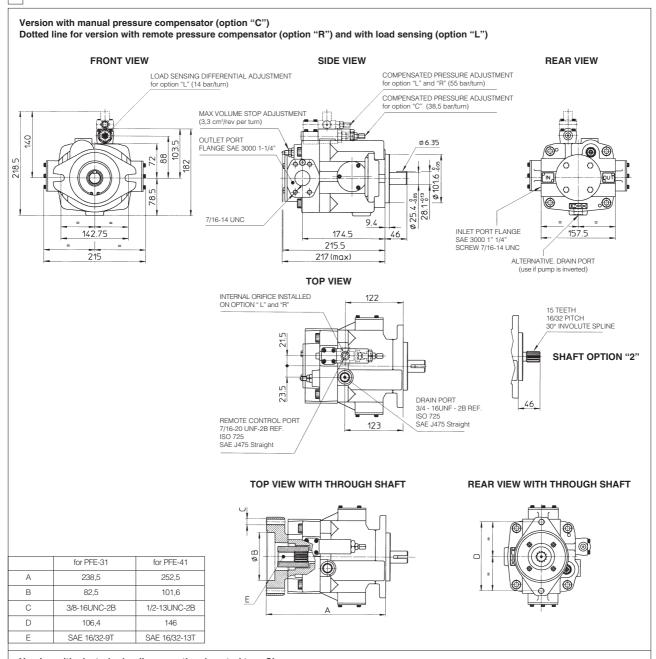


# 10 DIAGRAMS OF PVPP-\*-5076

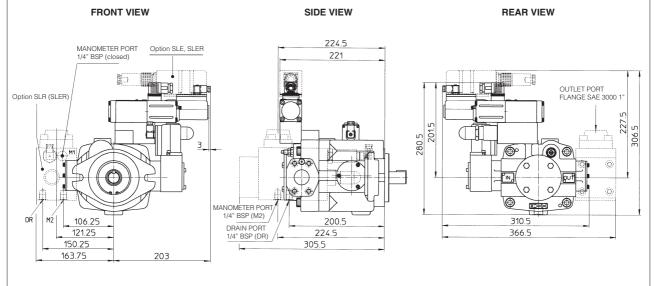
- 1 = Volumetric efficiency
- 2 = Overall efficiency
- 3 = Flow versus pressure curve
- **4** = Power consumption with full flow
- **5** = Power consumption at pressure compensation
- 6 = Noise level with full flow
- **7** = Noise level with flow null





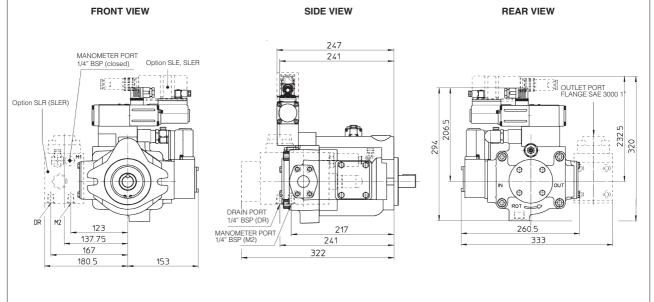


Version with electrohydraulic proportional control type SL Dotted line for versions with sequence module (option "SLR") and with integral electronics (option "SLE" and "SLER")

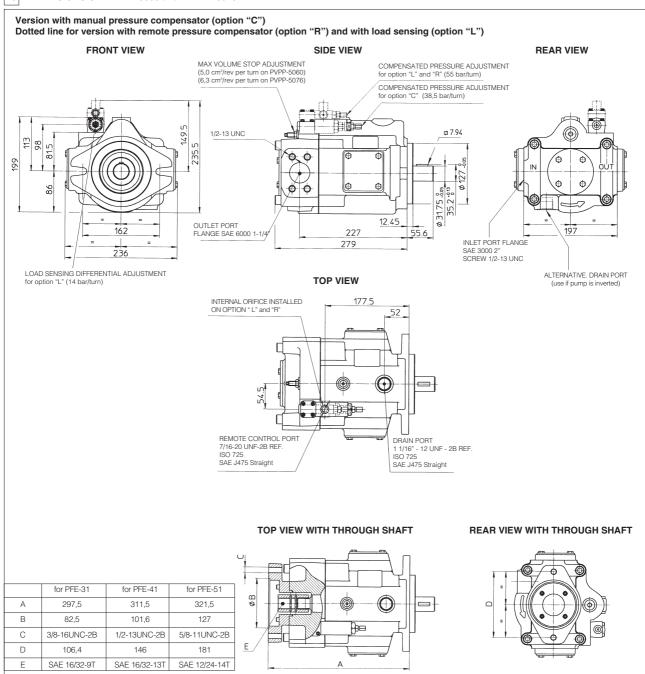


Drawings show pumps with clockwise rotation (option D): pumps with counterclockwise rotation will have inlet and outlet ports reversed.

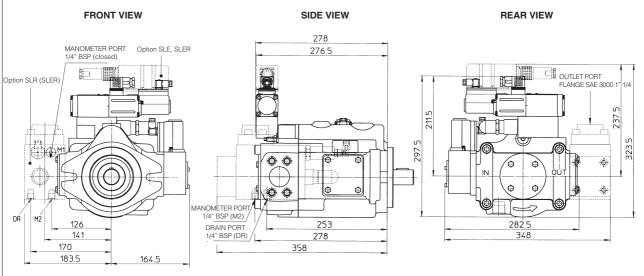
Version with electrohydraulic proportional control type SL Dotted line for versions with sequence module (option "SLR") and with integral electronics (option "SLE" and "SLER")



Drawings show pumps with clockwise rotation (option D): pumps with counterclockwise rotation will have inlet and outlet ports reversed.



Version with electrohydraulic proportional control type SL Dotted line for versions with sequence module (option "SLR") and with integral electronics (option "SLE" and "SLER")



Drawing show pumps with clockwise rotation (option D): pumps with counterclockwise rotation will have inlet and outlet ports on the opposite side.